

Katanning

Western Australia

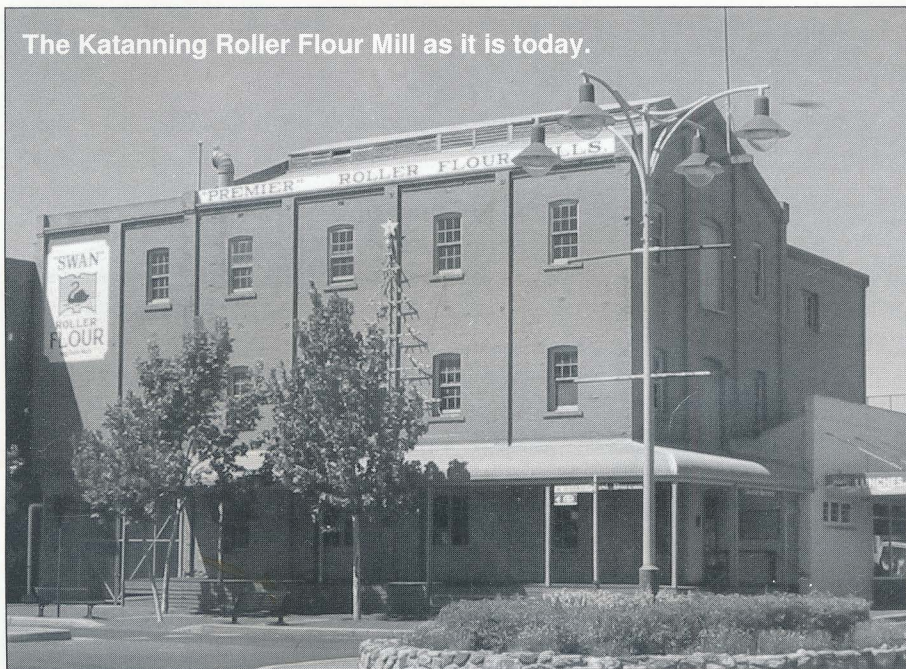
A brief history

Second Edition - 2010

*A timeline of major events, dates and names
that make up the history of Katanning.*

*The Shire and town of Katanning are situated in the heart of the
lush Great Southern Agricultural region of Western Australia.*

The Katanning Roller Flour Mill as it is today.



A project of the
**Lions Club
of Katanning**



Katanning

*A regional centre in the
Great Southern Region of Western Australia*

A brief history

Including major Events, Dates and Names

The origin of the name Katanning is undecided, it may have come from the names of two native women Kate and Anning or the aboriginal name Kartanup, meaning a meeting place. There were three tribes in the area and this is where they met when times were good and there was sufficient food.

- The name Katanning was first recorded in 1880.
- The present area of the Shire is 1523sq km.
- Height above sea level 311m.
- Distance from Perth 277kms.
- Road kms in the Shire-- sealed 255, gravel 528.
- Population approx 4500.

Katanning has the largest sheep sale yards in Southern Hemisphere with over one million sheep sold at auction each year.

The original town water supply catchment area 29.6 hectares is reputed to be biggest sealed catchment area in the Southern Hemisphere at that time.

Katanning is reputed to have had the first street lights in Australia and the first swimming pool and public lending library in country Western Australia.

Average rainfall over 114years (1891 to 2005) is 474.28mm or 18.97 inches. The highest recorded year was 1955 with 782.2mm and the lowest was 1954 with 274.1mm.

Several small gazetted townships around Katanning including Moojebing, Badgebup, and Etipup no longer exist as such.

Parkhurst Boys - Were child offenders sent from the British Penal System.

The area is a good mixed farming region hence there is a number of large machinery dealers and associated businesses.

The last SHINGLE ROOFED house is on the corner of Arbour and Amherst Streets.

1835

John Septimus Roe explored the area.

1840's

Sheep farmers from York & Beverley began to move flocks toward the region. These included Elijah Quartermaine & Thomas Haddleton.

Sandalwood cutters were also active in the area.

1845

Sandalwood exported to China & Singapore.

1847

System of grazing leases introduced. Licenses for sandalwood cutting introduced.

1848

Perth to Albany road surveyed through Kojonup (to the west of Katanning area).

1852

Thomas Haddleton leased land in the region.

Elijah Quartermaine purchased four hectares naming it "Yowanup" (or "Yowangup"). It was the first land purchased in Katanning and is still owned and farmed by family in 2010. House built in 1860.

1864

Thomas Haddleton (a former Parkhurst boy) purchased land and named it "Coompatine" and also is still owned by the family in 2010.

1865

Terrance McKenna appointed as Police Officer at Twonkwillingup, later to be

known as the "Police Pools" (about 3km to the SE of present town-site). He left after two years and purchased farming land at Arthur River. His daughter, Alice, married Thomas Haddleton.

1867

William Grover was the second policeman to be stationed at Police Pools.

1868

Grover left police to purchase land known as "Springfield". He renamed it "Indinup" and it is still owned by the family in 2010.

1870

Elijah Quartermaine built a brick and iron home at "Yowanup".

Mallet bark was exported to Germany. An influx of new settlers included Michael Cronin at "Glencoe".

In this decade Haddleton expanded his holding "Coompatine" to approx 31,000 acres whilst Quartermaine held leases of over 113,000 acres.

Kojonup and Etipup still main trading centres (no Katanning at this time).

1873

Last Policeman was permanently stationed at Kojonup and Police Pools was abandoned.

1879

Haddleton family home built at "Coompatine".

1880

The settlement of Katanning came into being.

1888

Frederick Piesse and brother Charles planning to build a permanent store in Katanning and the firm of F & C Piesse was founded in Katanning.

1889

Katanning & Broomehill designated town-sites (Katanning as a company town).

A railway was completed from Beverley to Albany. It started at both ends and joined about 5kms north of Katanning town-site.

First passenger train from Perth to Albany and the railway station was built (architect George Temple Pool who did architecture work in many other areas of WA).

WA Land Co resumed land which had been leased for many years to local sheep farmers. Land was given to WA Land Co for the construction of the Great Southern Railway. All pastoral leases were cancelled in order for the Company to take up its land.

Piesse Bros decided to build the flour mill in Katanning.

Katanning Hotel in Austral Terrace was also built by Piesse Bros.

Bob and Elijah Bell, with Thomas Haddleton, were carting sandalwood.

First Cricket Club in town was formed. First clearing sale of plant, horses and equipment from the building of

Piesse's dam which was originally built for railway engines but the water was unsatisfactory.

Condensers were installed and the water used in the flourmill.

1890

First school commenced in Katanning (teacher Miss Mary Bell) and was held

in the kitchen of the railway station with 16 children.

Families in district at this time included Bell, Noonan, Beeck, Cronin, Quartermaine, Grover and Haddleton.

Piesse Cordial Factory opened.

F.H. Piesse elected to Parliament and soon became Minister for Railways.

The years 1890/1891 were considered drought years.

**1891**

Agricultural district was surveyed by JH Lefroy.

Flour Mill was completed and purchased 8000 bags of wheat of which 1500 were locally grown.

Electricity was supplied to all Piesse buildings from the Mill.

Town had electric street lights, claimed to be the first in West Australia.

The Union Bank connected to power and was the first bank in WA to use electricity.

An aerated water factory was built by Piesse in Austral Terrace.

H&C Severin purchased land from WA Land Co.

The Royal Exchange Hotel was built (known as the "Railway Hotel" for a short time).

Alex Thomson started his building company in Katanning.

Police quarters built (G.T. Pool architect).

First Broomehill Agricultural Show was held (later moved to Katanning).

1892

Katanning Brickworks established.

First medical doctor - Dr House.

A car purchased by Dr House was one of only three cars in the State of W.A. at that time.

Construction on Government Hospital in Amherst St commenced (unit accommodation in 2006) and was built by architects Poole & Beasley.

First Katanning race meeting was run.

Katanning and Broomehill excised from Kojonup district.

Local government for Katanning commenced.

George McLeod went to Goldfields hauling provisions and water. Contracted as a teamster Northam to Coolgardie and later, Kalgoorlie and Boulder. It is believed he carried the first load of machinery to Menzies mines. He also had water condensers working in Kalgoorlie.

1893

St Patrick's Catholic Church was built in Britannia St.

First election for the Katanning Road Board.

Great Southern Vine and Fruit Growing Association formed in Katanning.

First stump jump plow in the area.

Start of Holland Track from Broomehill to Coolgardie for gold prospectors and as a shorter freight route from Albany, this included Michael Cronin.

1894

First Government School built (now the Katanning Historical Society Mu-

seum).

Inaugural Mechanics Institute building still in use by the Institute in 2010.

1896

Marracoonda school built.

Katanning Agricultural Hall started (designed by J Herbert Eales) next to and including some of Mechanic Institute in Austral Terrace.

Baptist community active in district. Broomehill and Katanning Agricultural Societies combine as Great Southern Agricultural Society.

1897

Katanning Hotel in Austral Terrace burnt down and rebuilt.

Katanning Tennis Club was formed.

1898

Katanning was officially gazetted as a town of the State.

Finish rebuilding Katanning Hotel (called the Unit Hotel 1970-1999).

Warren Bros settled at Badgebup. Anglican Church completed.

1899

Cartmeticup Baptist Church and school built (approx 13km NNW of Katanning).

1901

Population between 200 and 300.

Katanning newspaper "Great Southern Herald" printed for the first time.

First football played (called Victorian Rules) with two teams playing in Albany competition.

First members of Kowald family settled in the district.

Post Office opened.

1902



Home of FH Piesse ("Kobeelya") built. Kobeelya means 'place of peace'. Katanning Football Association began with colours Red and Blue. State School started in Taylor St. Thomas Haddleton died.

1903

Marracoonda Baptist Church built. Katanning Masonic Lodge and the Moojebing store were built. Moojebing Estate built by Wesley Malley (2010 home and farm of Stade family). Moojebing store and residence were built by John Day. Plans currently (2010) being made for restoration of old home. Katanning Golf Club opened incorporating tennis and squash.

1904

Second Rabbit Proof Fence erected. Sale of mallet bark, the main product from district, was used in the tanning industry (Still stripping bark in the 1950's). Bill passed in Parliament to allow Flour Mill to supply electricity to town. Piesse erected the winery buildings. RL Richardson took over Piesse stores in Katanning and Woodanilling. National Bank built corner of Austral Terrace and Clive St.

TJ Page came to manage the dairy for Piesse
First National Bank building built on cnr Austral terrace and Clive Street.
Federal Hotel built in Clive St.
Anderson Bros came to "Goblup" and renamed it "Condeena".



1905

Building of Lutheran and Methodist churches (2010 used as Autumn Club seniors centre in Richardson St.). "Kulal", home of FTR (Fred) Piesse built in Clive St. FH Piesse (father) built two houses side by side for his two sons. Although built identically but with additions and changes over the years there is now no resemblance. Anderson family built at "Illareen" (2010 still farming). "White House" in Clive St built by Alex Thomson (2010 - Kimberly Lodge and Reception Centre). Katanning Brass Band formed (later to become Katanning Silver Band)

1906

Woodanilling Road Board formed. Presbyterian Church built (2010 Uniting Church). Fire destroyed shops in Austral Terrace including the Great Southern Herald which continued to operate in other premises

1907

Railway from Katanning to Kojonup started - 32.9 miles at 1707 Pounds per mile. Katanning Stock & Trading Co. commenced operations (still operating today). Katanning Town Hall opened. Page took over the brickworks then purchased the total property.

1908

Daisy Bates (born O'Dwyer Hunt in Ireland in 1861, died 1951) working in district with aboriginals, including time at Police Pools.

1909

Bank building in Clive St built by Harris, but never used as a bank. W.P. Bird settled here - founder of CP Bird & Associates in 1922 (then Bird Cameron and finally RSM Bird Cameron Accountancy Firm which is still operating here).

1910

Distillery built in Piesse vineyard. King George Hostel in Austral Terrace, designed by Summerhayes & Boas. Homestead built on "Indinup". Bank of New South Wales started in Albion St., subsequently moved to dedicated premises in Clive St. Katanning Croquet Club started.

1911

"Brockhurst" hospital built in Amherst St with Dr House in charge. ANZ Bank built in Clive St.

1912

Katanning to Nyabing railway in operation. F.H. Piesse died.

Katanning Club built in Amherst St. Alex Thomson started timber and hardware retailing in Daping St. Residence built in Blantyre St for George McLeod, a noted local hotelier. In time, he also built his own home "White House", which in 2010 is New Lodge Motel and Function Centre. He also built others - Woodanilling Town Hall, Kojonup Memorial Hall, Austral Buildings in Austral Tce, Katanning Government Hospital, Katanning Town Hall plus numerous farm houses.

1913

King George Hostel built in Austral Terrace. A.E. Piesse elected MLA.

1914

Porceilli contracted to make a brass statue of FH Piesse - erected in Austral Tce after WW1 as ship from Italy was held up until after the war. Katanning Club completed (amalgamated with Marloo Club in 1985). The Marloo Club was established in 1933. Carrolup used as Aboriginal Reserve (Kojonup Road Board). Southern Districts Advocate newspaper started by George Doak Snr. A little saying attributed to George Doak:

A little nonsense
Now and then
Is relished by
The wisest men.

WW1, 1500 enlisted from here - 150 died.

1916

Katanning Farmers Co-op established (this was not the BKW Co-op). Local water supply opened. Butter Factory open in vicinity of distillery.

1918

Jack Coventry joined aerated water factor as factory hand.

1919

Great Southern Sheep Breeders Association formed.

Woodanilling Co-op founded.

1920

In the early 20's the first agricultural tractors appeared, among the many brands were Rumley, McCormack Deering, Cletrac, 2Ton Holt, Case, Hart Parr and Fordson. The latter two would possibly have been among the most used. Prior to this steam traction engines were used to cut chaff and log down the bush for clearing.

It appears that in early 20's Wilbur Furphy established a foundry which, in time, was taken over by Les Radford and closed in the late 30's.

1921

Katanning Flour Mill ceased under Piesse family and a new company formed of local business men to re-open the mill.

Broomehill Co-op formed.

War memorial dedicated in Carew Street

1922

"Kobeelya" became a boarding school for girls.

St Peters Church built at Badgebup by Warren Family.

CP Bird & Associates - see 1909.

1923

St Patrick's Catholic Church built in Amherst St., old one demolished.

Crouch, Public Accountant opened in Albion St.

Kent (Nyabing) Road Board formed - excised from Katanning.

Pinwernying town dam built with a wall across the gully. The dam wall was extended after WW2.

1925

New Government Hospital built in Adam St (still on same site).

1926

Hospital Comforts Fund started to raise money for furniture and fittings for hospital.

"Our Lady of the Missions" Nuns arrive in Katanning.

Silver Band Hall built in Amherst St (moved to Historical Society site in 1986).

Second story built on Mechanics Institute/ Town Hall.

1927

Roley (Nugget) Coombes, ultimately to become Chairman of the Reserve Bank Board, a teacher in Katanning.

1928

Page moved brickworks to present site (still wood fired).

1929

Approx 1500 cars, trucks and motor bikes registered in Road Board area.

1930

Local CWA formed.

St Rita's Convent built (now Reidy House).

1933

Radio Station 6WB started to broadcast (One of the oldest country stations - known as Radio West in 2010).

WB was named after William Beeck on whose farm it was situated. It had its own power - a Ruston 42hp generating set. (pretty modern for its time). Marloo Club formed at King George Hostel.

1935

Jack Coventry, in partnership with Dr HJC Hanrahan, purchased the aerated water factory and named it GSR Mineral Water Co (after the Great Southern Railway).

1936

Southern Districts Advocate Newspaper sold to Great Southern Herald.

GSR Mineral Water opened branches in Albany, Narrogin and Busselton.

1937

Katanning Historical Society formed (first in country WA, second in WA). Local funeral directors, Courtis Bros, first internment on November 19.

1938

Wakes Garage opened. Wake Bros. did original invention work on Rotary Motor. This idea was subsequently taken by an employee and developed by others. The original can still be seen on the premises.

1939

Population 2300.

Jubilee year in Katanning.

Police Pools and Railway memorials built.

Trots had electric lighting.

Butter factory was moved to premises on Broomehill Rd.

Swimming Pool built. First purpose built pool in WA, and the first chlorinated in WA.

Major livestock sale yards built. WW2 declared.

1940

Population 3400.

Wake's tyre retreading operating.

1942

Filmer's Store and workshop built corner of Clive and Daping Streets. City evacuees at St Rita's Convent.

1943

Broomehill Co-op took over Smith & Sons store in Katanning to become Broomehill & Katanning District Co-op.

1944

Library added to Town Hall, operated by Mechanics Institute.

WW2 Mosquito aircraft named 'Katanning' because we raised more than our quota for a war loan.

1945

Eleanor Roberts Youth Library opened for children (it was the first free lending library in WA).

1946

Broomehill & Katanning District Co-op amalgamated with Woodanilling Co-op to become the BKW Co-op.

1949

Power house built in Albion St. Owned by Katanning Flour Mill Pty Ltd it was powered by diesel engines to generate DC power for town supply. Previously all power was generated by steam engine.

1950

Carrolup closed to become Marribank Native Mission under leadership of Baptist Church.

Post War migrants started arriving in the area.

Katanning Gun Club was formed.

1951

Katanning Arts and Crafts formed.

1955

Town clock erected on corner Austral Terrace and Clive St as a memorial to pioneer women.

Bethshan Home for the Aged established.

Local constable Ricky Mills was shot to death by a young farmhand at Nyabing while searching for alleged illegal firearms (the writer played football with Mills).

1957

Rotary Club of Katanning chartered.

1958

Opening of the Comprehensive Water Supply Scheme - with water supplied from Wellington Dam near Collie. Rotary Club Wishing Well installed near Clive St rail crossing to commemorate opening of water scheme.

1960

State electricity came to the area with AC power from generated from Collie coalfields.

CBH expanded grain bins to handle bulk grain.

Strathfield Drive-in theatre built.

Katanning Senior High School came into operation.

1961

Population 4500.

Road Board became Shire Council on 23rd June.

1962

Katanning went on to deep sewage system.

1969

Museum opened in Taylor St by Katanning Historical Society.

First "Caboodle" Xmas party held on Prosser Oval (a Rotary Club of Katanning project). The "silent policeman" (a traffic directing device) was removed from the intersection of Austral Terrace & Clive St (replaced by a "round-a-about" in 1988).

Pig sale yards opened, subsequently closed in 1994.

Apex Club chartered.

Over 1969/70 Steam locomotion was phased out to diesel locomotives. The last train on the Katanning/Kojonup line ran in 1982 (Max Bailey, driver)

1970

Last passenger train between Perth and Albany. Line now used only for hauling grain.

1971

Meals on Wheels program started.

1973

Abattoir opened in Katanning as Southern Meat Packers. Arrival of first families from Cocos and Christmas Islands, and from around Australia, to work at SMP.

Lions Club chartered.

1974

B Coventry left Coca Cola (formerly GSR Mineral Waters) to take over the

Funeral Directors in June. The Coventry family has a 55 year involvement with the soft drink factory.

1975

Telephone exchange became automatic.

1977

Katanning Flour Mill closed.

1978

Cyclone "Alby" caused wide spread damage in the Great Southern.

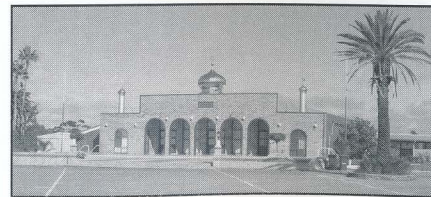
1979

Sir Marcus Beeck knighted for services to agriculture. Both Sir Marcus and Sir Francis Burt born on "Gannawarra" farm just north of Katanning.

Scout Hall built (a Lion's Club project with money raised by scout mums').

Brickworks became oil fired. oil was collected by tanker from surrounding garages by Eric Page (son of TJ Page). Oil eventually supplied by Muir's of Manjimup. For a period in the 70's and 80's the brickworks were owned by others than the Page family.

1980



Dept of Agriculture bought Don Hoare's farm as an experimental farm. This to the east of town.

Braeside Primary School was built on land which was used to be a vineyard

to the east of the old winery.

1981

Mosque built in Katanning.

Department of Agriculture staff commenced operations at the farm.

Woolworths established on land once part of the Flour Mill silo area and works yard.

1982

Last train (diesel) on Kojonup line - driver Max Bailey

1983

First country Triathlon held in Katanning.

1985

All Ages Playground established cnr Great Southern Highway and Clive Street.

Page family bought the brickworks back and amalgamated with Narrogin (also run by the Page family). Production was 35,000 per kiln going up to 55,000.

1986

"Kobeelya" boarding school closed. Purchased by Baptist Community.

1987

Department of Agriculture bought Peter Balston's farm, also on Nyabing Rd.

1988

Bicentennial celebrations.

Miniature steam train started and track laid near All Ages Playground, skate board and BMX tracks. Started by Len Toms. He was later joined by Tony Stock (another steam enthusiast) and

others to build up a huge drawcard still going strong in 2010.

1989

Marribank handed over to Aboriginal community.

1995

Gold mining at Badgebup commenced. Closed in 1997 after recovering 22,000oz of gold.

1996

Katanning Silver Band went into recession. Over the years bandmasters included Mouritz Snr, H Mouritz, AJ Morrell, J Smith, and L Porcaro.

1997

Recreation centre opened - a major Katanning Shire project.

Noongar Aboriginal Centre opened. Ladyman family celebrated 100 years in area - settled around Carrolup.

1998

Katanning won the National Landcare Award.

Evans family purchased Wakes Garage for historical purposes.

Heritage gardens and Beeck Gazebo opened opposite the Town Hall.

1999

New Library and Art Gallery opened in Austral Terrace, near Shire Office.

Metro Meat (CITIC International) ceased and re-opened as WAMMCO (Western Australian Meat Marketing Corp.).

Opening of Lion's Aberdeen Village, a joint venture between Katanning Shire, HomesWest and the Lions Club.

2000

Opening of the second and major Department of Agriculture offices in town.

2001

TAFE College opened.

Harris rotunda erected at cemetery. Great Southern Herald celebrated 100 years - Katanning's oldest continuous business.

Fritz family (descendents of Piesse) purchased Winery Ruins for restoration.

2002

Great Southern Advocate started as a community newspaper by Shirley Brokenshire.

2004

Salvation Army closed after 111yrs of service to the community. Citadel sold to private owner. The last Salvation Army people removed the foundation stone - another part of Katanning's history gone.

2005

Shire removed old railway carriages from near station, citing vandalism. Brickworks closed.

2006

Carrolup (Aboriginal) Art exhibition, returned for display from Colgate University, USA.

Local Scout Association goes into recess (later reopening and going strong in 2010). Scout Hall used by local RSL

Reclaimed and restored Dongolocking School opened at museum site to be a dedicated School Museum.

In the financial year to 30-6-06 there were 990,386 sheep through the Katanning sale yards.

Presbyterian Church 100yrs.

2007

Katanning Stock & Trading Co. celebrated 100 years in December (the oldest firm still operating from its original position).

2008

Fairways on Katanning Country Club (Katanning Golf Club) reticulated and grassed using grey water from sewage system.

Miniature Steam Train turns 20 years old.

2009

ANZ Bank relocated to new premises near Woolworths complex.

Local abattoir (now trading as WAM-MCO) processed 1,000,000 and exported to 55 countries. It employs people from 22 nationalities who all work in harmony.

2010

Official opening of revamped and upgraded swimming pool.

Page family upgrading brickworks prior to reopening by third generation of the Page family.

Other industries that have been in Katanning over the past years include:

Axe handle factory

Ice factory

Ice-cream making

Lolly (sweets) making

Oat mill plant (operating as part of the flourmill).

Hume pipe works

Honey collection
Grain silo builders.

Undertakers:

1898 M Lebad

1906 SL Kleeman

1908 J Squire

1937 Courtis Bros

1974 B Coventry

1982 D Coventry - still operating 2010

Katanning Riflemen who won the Kings/Queens Prize:

1931 Ted Keay

1938 Harry Vague

1968 Jim Moore

Wurgabup Riflemen of note:

1980 John Caldwell won Grand Aggregate (Duke of Edinburgh Award)

2000 Gray Robertson (Queens Prize)

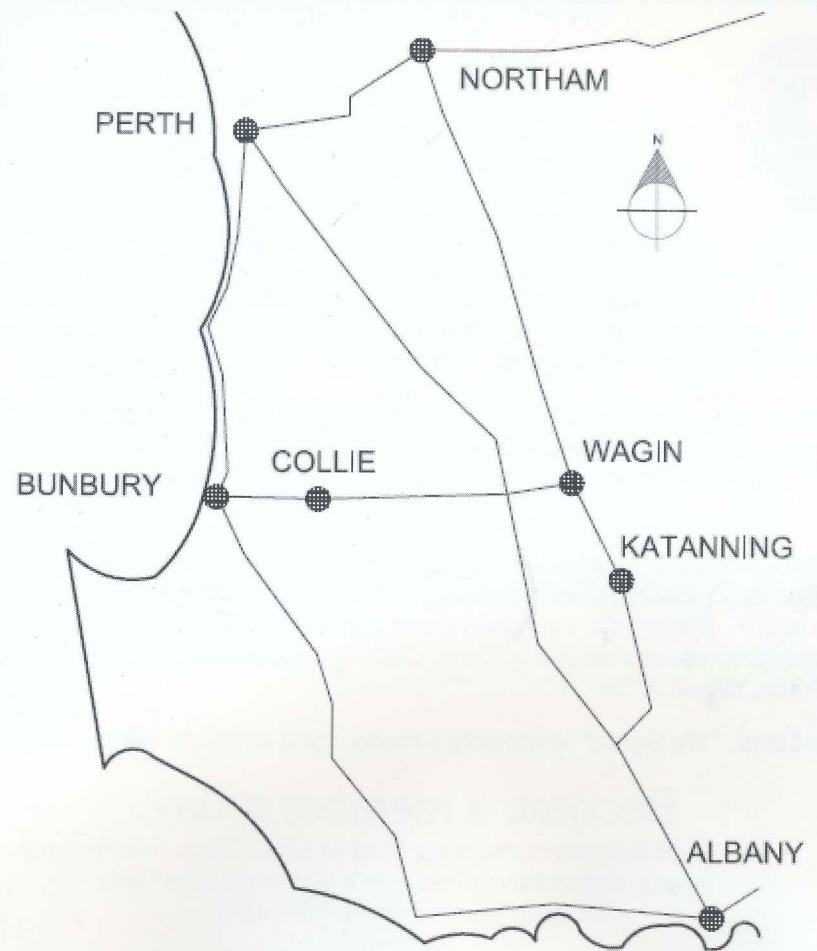
2005 Gray Robertson (Queens Prize with Grand Aggregate all in that year)

The Lyric Theatre, in Austral Tce, was owned by George McLeod and was used for skating, dancing, pictures, and boxing. It was also a panel beaters, car sales and service, a bookies shop, and Wesfarmers. It was finally taken over by BKW Co-op where they display clothing. It is believed it was built prior to WW1.

Mick Hicks started a second brickworks near the town (we have no history of the years involved). He made clinker bricks. When a steam locomotive firebox was cleaned out the "clinkers" were collected and added into the clay mix.

In the early days of settlement a number of bricks were made on site near where houses were to be built on farms.

Town of Katanning



Tourist Information:

Old Mill Building, Cnr Austral Terrace and Clive Street - 08 9821 2634

Accommodation:

Katanning Motel, Cnr Albion and Beaufort Streets -	08 9821 1657
New Lodge Motel, Cnr Clive and Blantyre Streets -	08 9821 1788
Federal Hotel, Cnr Clive and Richardson Streets -	08 9821 1010
Katanning Hotel, Austral Terrace -	08 9821 1900
Royal Exchange Hotel, Austral Terrace -	08 9821 7550
Caravan Park, BP Service Station, Cornwall Street -	08 9821 2165

WHAT DO LIONS DO?



Lions are men and women who **volunteer** their time to humanitarian causes in their local and world communities. By conducting service projects and raising funds, Lions strive to help those in need, wherever need exists. The Lions' motto is "We Serve".

In 1925 Helen Keller addressed the Lions at their annual International Convention challenging them to become "knights of the blind in the crusade against darkness". Since that time service to the blind and visually impaired has become one of the association's most significant activities. That crusade has resulted in the establishment of "Sight First", a global sight loss prevention program.

In addition, Lions participate in service activities emphasizing diabetes awareness, education and research, work with the physically and mentally impaired, environmental issues, community welfare, international understanding, and youth issues.

The association was founded in Chicago, Illinois, USA, in 1917. Although the youngest major service club organisation, Lions Clubs International has grown to be the world's largest. Its 1.4 million members belong to clubs in over 180 countries and geographical locations. Lions Clubs International is headquartered in Oak Brook, Illinois, USA.

To the Lions, "We Serve" is not only a motto, but a definition and philosophy.

Become a member today.

If you would like to become a member of Lions Clubs International in your community contact the Katanning Lions Club
PO Box 28, Katanning, WA, 6317

or visit

www.lionsclubs.org.au

This information was collected and collated by Ainslie Evans, Peter Webse, Merv Doak and the Katanning Historical Society Inc., along with input from many other people.

*Undoubtedly over time more information will come to light.
We may then produce further editions.*

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